



MOCK  
EXAMINATION

# MOCK EXAM "KODREAMS" COMPETITION ORGANISED BY THE GERMAN COMPANY KOWELT

**June 2023**

Duration: 1 Hour

Authorised aid: none

Surname(s), given name(s): \_\_\_\_\_

Candidate number: \_\_\_\_\_

	Maximum number of points	Number of points obtained
Note	20	

- Each question has 4 possible answers (**only one answer is correct**)
- Pay attention and answer carefully
- **Correct answer → 1 point**
- **Incorrect answer → - 0.5 point**

- Answers must be clearly marked on the examination sheet with **a cross**.

**Example:** If you think the correct answer is "a", you must:

<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	a) Berlin
<input type="checkbox"/>	b) Munich
<input type="checkbox"/>	c) Hambourg
<input type="checkbox"/>	d) Cologne

- **If you make a mistake**, to correct your answer, you must:

- Put a cross over the letter of the correct answer
- Blacken the letter of the wrong answer
- Specify your new choice by writing the following sentence on the line of the new answer: « **I say answer: "letter of the correct answer"** »

**Example:** You think the correct answer is "d", you tick the corresponding letter and blacken the letter "a" as follows:

<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	a) Berlin	
<input type="checkbox"/>	b) Munich	
<input type="checkbox"/>	c) Hambourg	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	d) Cologne	« I say answer : d »

- If you finally realise that your very first choice was the right answer, you must:
  - Circle the letter of the correct answer
  - Blacken the letter of the wrong answer
  - Specify your new choice by writing the following sentence on the line of the new answer: « **I say answer: "letter of the correct answer"** »

**Example:** You think the correct answer is "a", circle the corresponding letter and blacken the letter "d" as follows:

<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	a) Berlin	« I say answer : a »
<input type="checkbox"/>	b) Munich	
<input type="checkbox"/>	c) Hambourg	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	d) Cologne	

1. What is Germany's largest city in terms of population?
  - a) **Berlin**
  - b) Munich
  - c) Hamburg
  - d) Cologne
  
2. Which of Germany's current federal states was once part of the German Democratic Republic (GDR)?
  - a) **Mecklenburg-Vorpommern**
  - b) Saarland
  - c) Hessen
  - d) Schleswig-Holstein
  
3. What is the name of the current Federal Chancellor of Germany?
  - a) Angela Merkel
  - b) **Olaf Scholz**
  - c) Markus Söder
  - d) Armin Laschet
  
4. Under which treaties did the Federal Republic of Germany join with other states to form the European Economic Community?
  - a) **by the "Treaty of Rome"**
  - b) by the "Treaties of Paris"
  - c) by the "London Treaties"
  - d) by the "Hamburg Treaties"
  
5. What is the name of the Federal President's main official residence?
  - a) Reichstag Palace
  - b) Sanssouci Castle
  - c) **Schloss Bellevue**
  - d) Potsdam Palace

6. What form of life is not permitted in Germany?
- a) The man and woman are divorced and living with new partners.
  - b) A single father lives with his two children.
  - c) **A man is married to two women at the same time.**
  - d) Two women live together.
7. What is Germany's system of government?
- a) **Parliamentary Republic**
  - b) Constitutional monarchy
  - c) Military dictatorship
  - d) Theocracy
8. If you have education problems in Germany, you go to ...
- a) public health service.
  - b) the doctor's.
  - c) **the "Jugendamt" (Youth Welfare Office).**
  - d) the "Einwohnermeldeamt" (residence registration office).
9. What major sport event took place in Germany in 2006?
- a) **Football World Cup**
  - b) Olympic Games
  - c) Tour de France
  - d) World Athletics Championships
10. Which country borders Germany?
- a) Portugal
  - b) Bulgaria
  - c) Greece
  - d) **Czech Republic**

11. What is the name of the famous German composer who wrote Symphony No. 9?
- a) **Ludwig van Beethoven**
  - b) Johann Sebastian Bach
  - c) Wolfgang Amadeus Mozart
  - d) Richard Wagner
12. Which court has jurisdiction in Germany in case of a dispute in the world of work?
- a) **the labour court**
  - b) the district court
  - c) the family court
  - d) the criminal court
13. Who is considered to be the father of psychoanalysis in Germany?
- a) **Sigmund Freud**
  - b) Carl Jung
  - c) Alfred Adler
  - d) Wilhelm Reich
14. At school in Germany, a child has ...
- a) Freedom of choice for all subjects.
  - b) **Obligation to be present at school.**
  - c) Entitlement to tuition fees.
  - d) The right to unlimited free time.
15. What is the name of the famous beer festival that takes place every year in Munich?
- a) **Oktoberfest**
  - b) Bierfest
  - c) Braufest
  - d) Biergartenfest

16. At what age can people take part in elections for the German parliament ("Bundestag")?

- a) 23
- b) 18
- c) 21
- d) 16

17. What is the name of the famous German writer who wrote "Faust"?

- a) Johann Wolfgang von Goethe
- b) Friedrich Schiller
- c) Heinrich Heine
- d) Thomas Mann

18. What is the name of the famous German physicist who developed the theory of relativity?

- a) Albert Einstein
- b) Max Planck
- c) Werner Heisenberg
- d) Otto Hahn

19. In Germany, people live by the principle of religious tolerance. What does this mean?

- a) Everyone is free to believe in what or who they want.
- b) It's the state that decides which god people believe in.
- c) No mosques can be built.
- d) Everyone believes in God.

20. Which famous German tennis player has won the most Grand Slam tournaments?

- a) Boris Becker
- b) Steffi Graf
- c) Angelique Kerber
- d) Alexander Zverev